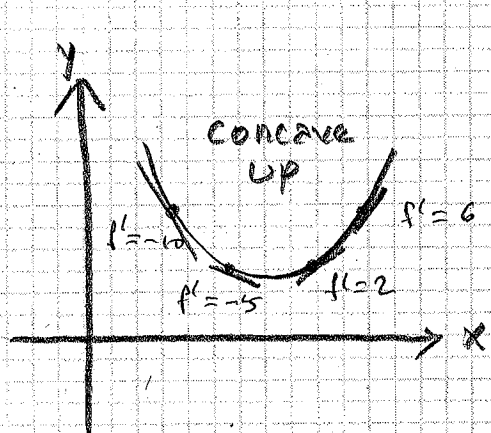
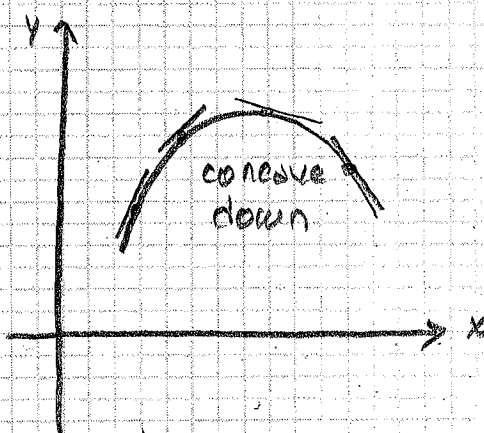


CONCAVITY AND INFLECTION POINTS



increasing slopes

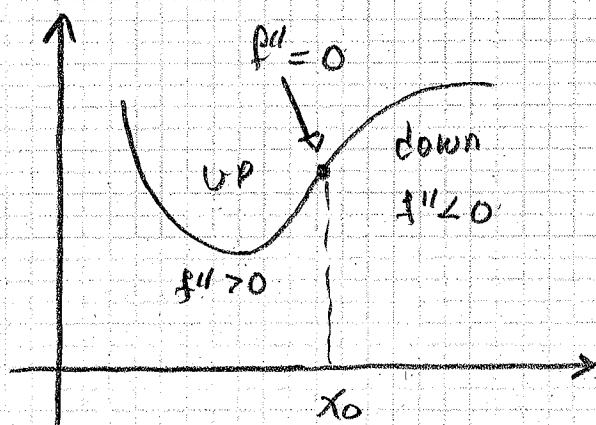
$$f'' > 0$$



decreasing slopes

$$f'' < 0$$

INFLECTION POINTS



If f is continuous on an open interval containing x_0 and f changes its concavity at x_0 , we call $(x_0, f(x_0))$ an inflection Point

TO FIND INFLECTION POINTS

- 1) Find the domain of f
- 2) Find $f'(x)$ and $f''(x)$
- 3) Find all the points in the domain of f where $f''(x) = 0$ or $f''(x)$ is undefined

- 4) Plot those points on a line $\frac{+}{-} \frac{+}{-} \frac{+}{-} f''$
 $\frac{+}{-} \frac{+}{-} \frac{+}{-} f''$
 $x_1 \quad x_2$

Example $f(x) = x^{7/3} = \sqrt[3]{x^7}$

Domain = $(-\infty, \infty)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{7}{3} x^{4/3}$$

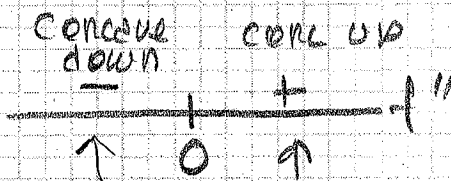
$$f''(x) = \frac{28}{9} x^{1/3} = \frac{28}{9} \sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$f''(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{28 \sqrt[3]{x}}{9} = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$f''(x)$ undefined
no values



f has an IP at $x=0$ $y=0$ $(0|0)$

Example: $f(x) = x^{7/5} = \sqrt[5]{x^7}$

Domain = $(-\infty, \infty)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{7}{5} x^{2/5}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{14}{25} x^{-3/5} = \frac{14}{25 \sqrt[5]{x^3}}$$

$$f''(x) = 0$$

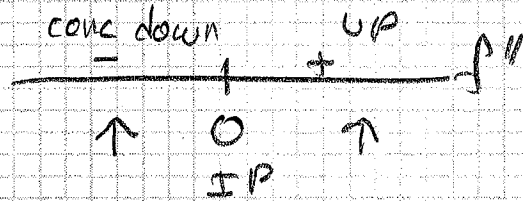
$$\frac{14}{25 \sqrt[5]{x^3}} = 0$$

no solutions

$f''(x)$ undef

$$\frac{14}{25 \sqrt[5]{x^3}} \text{ undef} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x=0$$



ex: $f(x) = x^4$

DOMAIN = $(-\infty, \infty)$

$f'(x) = 4x^3$

$f''(x) = 12x^2$

$f''(x) = 0$

$12x^2 = 0$

$x = 0$

