

PRODUCT-TO-SUM AND SUM-TO-PRODUCT FORMULASProduct-to-Sum Formulas

$$\sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \quad (1)$$

$$\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \quad (2)$$

$$\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \quad (3)$$

Proof (1)

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cancel{\cos \alpha \cos \beta} + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cancel{\cos \alpha \cos \beta} - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

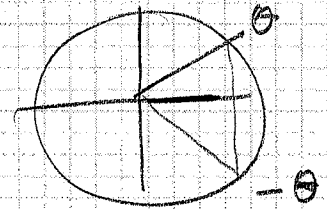
$$\frac{\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)}{2} = \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

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Ex: Express the following product as a sum

$$\sin(2\theta) \cdot \sin(3\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(-\theta) - \cos(5\theta)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos\theta - \cos(5\theta)]$$



SUM-TO-PRODUCT FORMULAS

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \cdot \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \cdot \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

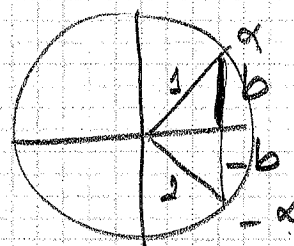
Ex: Express the following sum as a product

$$a - b = a + (-b)$$

$$\sin(3\theta) - \sin(4\theta) =$$

$$= 2 \cdot \sin\left(-\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{7\theta}{2}\right) =$$

$$= -2 \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{7\theta}{2}\right)$$



Prove the identity:

$$\frac{\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)}{\sin \theta + \sin(3\theta)} = \tan \theta$$

Proof

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(-\theta) &= -\sin \theta \\ \cos(-\theta) &= \cos \theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{\sin(2\theta)} \cdot \sin(-\theta)}{\cancel{2} \sin(2\theta) \cdot \cos(-\theta)} = \frac{-(-\sin \theta)}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$$