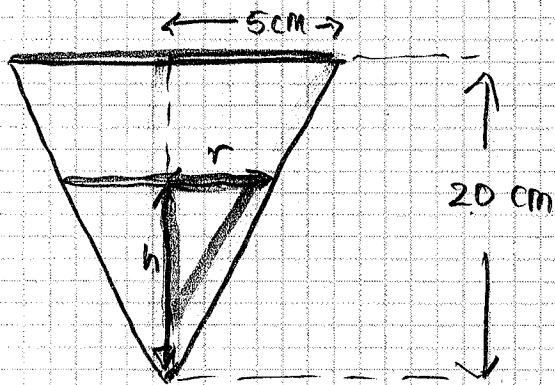


RELATED RATES, PART II



$\frac{dV}{dt} = -\frac{3 \text{ cm}^3}{\text{min}}$
 "losing"

Question: How fast is the height of the liquid changing?

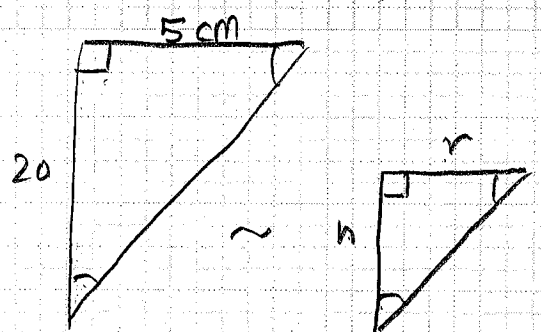
$\frac{dh}{dt} = ?$ (when $h = 11 \text{ cm}$)

$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
 product rule

$\frac{d}{dt}(r^2) = 2r \frac{dr}{dt}$

~~$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left[2r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot h + r^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \right]$~~

Can we write r as a function of h ?



similar triangles have their corresponding sides proportional

$\frac{r}{h} = \frac{5}{20} \Rightarrow r = \frac{5h}{20} = \frac{h}{4}$

$V = \frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{h}{4}\right)^2 \cdot h \Rightarrow V = \frac{\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{h^3}{16} \Rightarrow V = \frac{\pi}{48} h^3$

$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{48} \cdot 3h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow -3 = \frac{\pi}{16} \cdot 11^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{3 \cdot 16}{121 \pi}$

$\frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{48}{121 \pi}$