

SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION (PART II)

Inferences About the Slope β_1

$H_0: \beta_1 = 0$

$H_a: \beta_1 > 0$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{\alpha/2} * S_{\hat{\beta}_1}$$

$$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{S_{\hat{\beta}_1}}$$

$$= \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{S / \sqrt{SS_{xx}}}$$

$S_{\hat{\beta}_1}$ = estimated standard error of the least squares slope $\hat{\beta}_1$

S = estimated standard error of the regression model

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{SSE}{n-2}}$$

SSE = sum of squares of the deviations of the y values from the regression line

$$= \sum (y - \hat{y})^2 = SS_{yy} - \hat{\beta}_1 \cdot SS_{xy}$$

X	Y	X ²	Y ²	XY
1	2	1	4	2
2	4	4	16	8
3	5	9	25	15
4	7	16	49	28
5	8	25	64	40
ΣX	ΣY	ΣX^2	ΣY^2	ΣXY
15	26	55	158	93

$$SS_{xy} = \Sigma XY - \frac{\Sigma X \Sigma Y}{n} = 15$$

$$SS_{xx} = \Sigma X^2 - \frac{(\Sigma X)^2}{n} = 10$$

$$SS_{yy} = \Sigma Y^2 - \frac{(\Sigma Y)^2}{n} = 22.8$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{SS_{xy}}{SS_{xx}} = 1.5$$

$$SSE = SS_{yy} - \hat{\beta}_1 \cdot SS_{xy} = .3$$

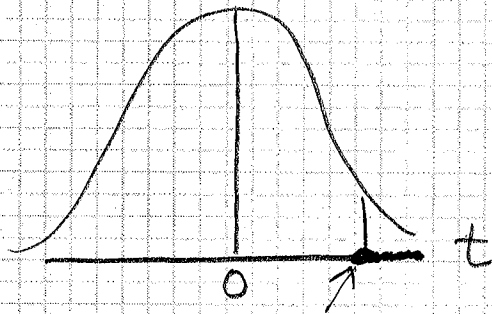
$$S = \sqrt{\frac{.3}{5-2}} \approx .316$$

$$t = \frac{1.5}{.316 / \sqrt{10}} \approx 15.01$$

Rejection Region

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

$$df = n - 2 = 3$$

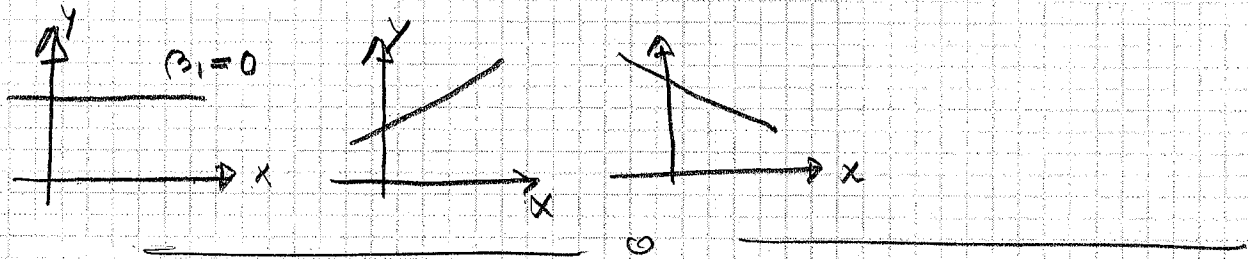


$$RR: t > 2.353$$

$$C.V = t_{0.05, 3} = t_{\alpha} = 2.353$$

Decision: Reject H_0

Conclusion: "The data provide sufficient evidence to conclude, at $\alpha = 0.05$, that the slope of the regression line is greater than zero"

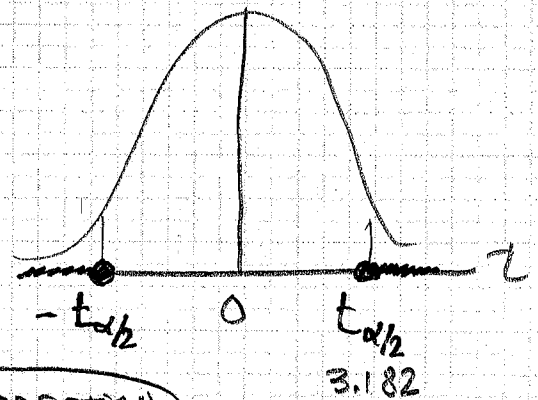


95% confidence interval for β_1

$$\hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{\alpha/2} * S_{\hat{\beta}_1}$$

$$\alpha = 1 - 0.95 = 0.05 \Rightarrow \alpha/2 = \frac{0.05}{2} = 0.025$$

$$df = n - 2 = 5 - 3 = 2$$



$$95\% CI: \hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{\alpha/2} * \frac{s}{\sqrt{SS_{xx}}}$$

CORRECTION
5 - 2 = 3

$$= 1.5 \pm 3.182 * \frac{.316}{\sqrt{10}} = (1.182, 1.818)$$

"We are 95% confident that the slope of the linear regression line is between 1.182 and 1.818"